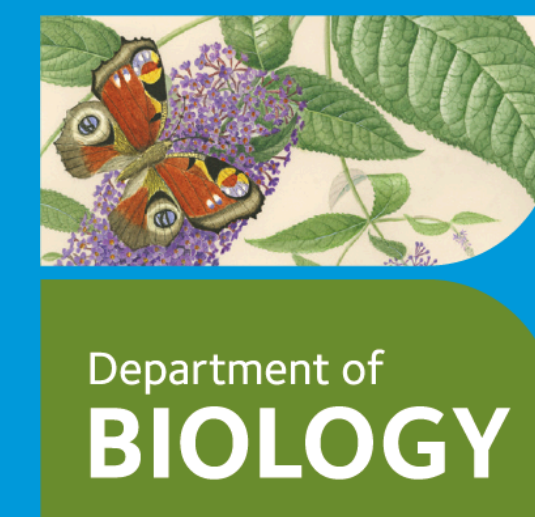


Frame-Specific Depletion of the TRBV23-1 Pseudogene in Human TCR Repertoires

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Introduction

- V(D)J recombination generates TCR diversity, but most rearrangements are non-productive
- Non-productive V(D)J rearrangements are observed in sequencing when a successful rearrangement on the homologous allele rescues cell survival
- Non-productive and pseudogene rearrangements are usually considered biologically inert
- Emerging evidence suggests pseudogenes may influence immune regulation
- Objective:** Test whether TCR pseudogene rearrangements show non-random, frame-specific patterns across deep sequenced repertoires in large human cohorts

Methodology

Datasets:

- 6,000 DNA-based TCR β repertoires from 9 cohorts
- Independent RNA-seq cohort for validation
- 1,986,248,402 sequences examined in total.

Frame classification:

- F₀ (in-frame), F₁ and F₂ (out-of-frame)
- F₀ subdivided into PTC-free (F_{0NT}) and PTC-containing (F_{0T})

Statistical analysis:

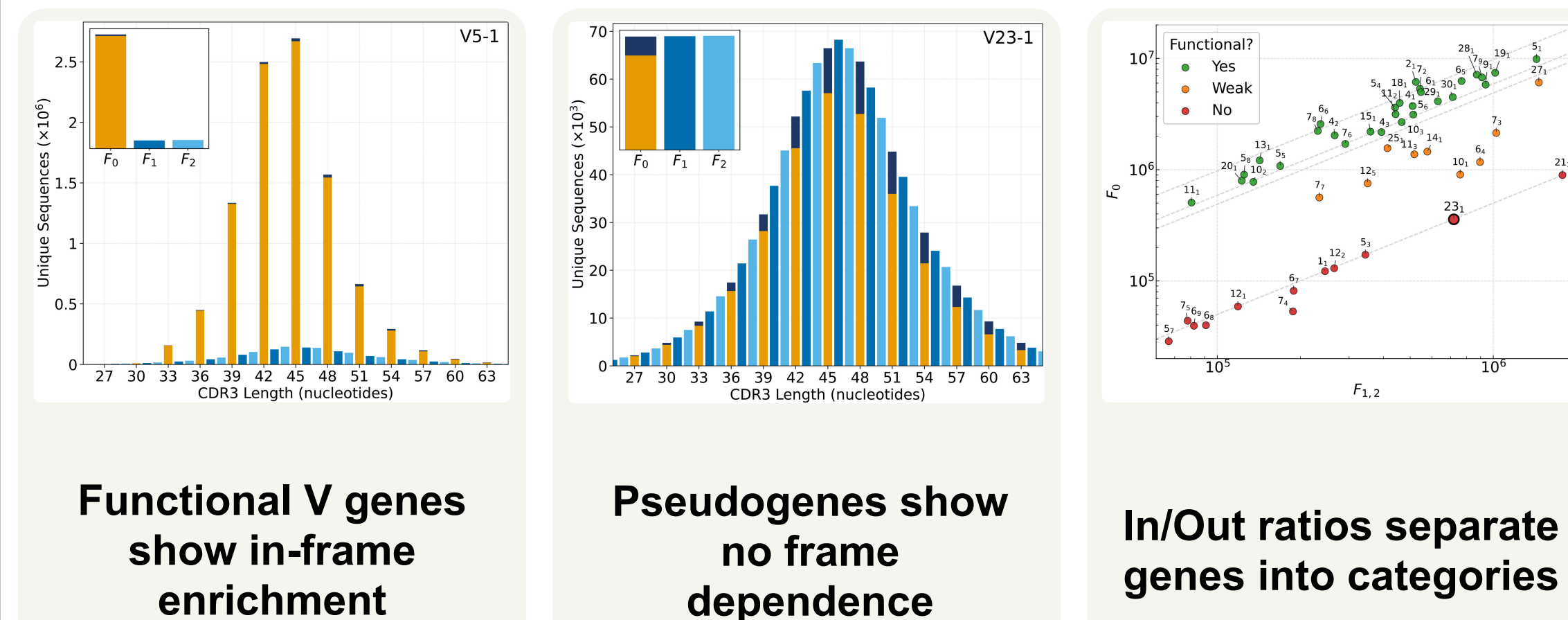
- Quantitative model for expected in-frame/out-of-frame ratios
- Multinomial null model with chi-squared testing to identify outliers

Validation:

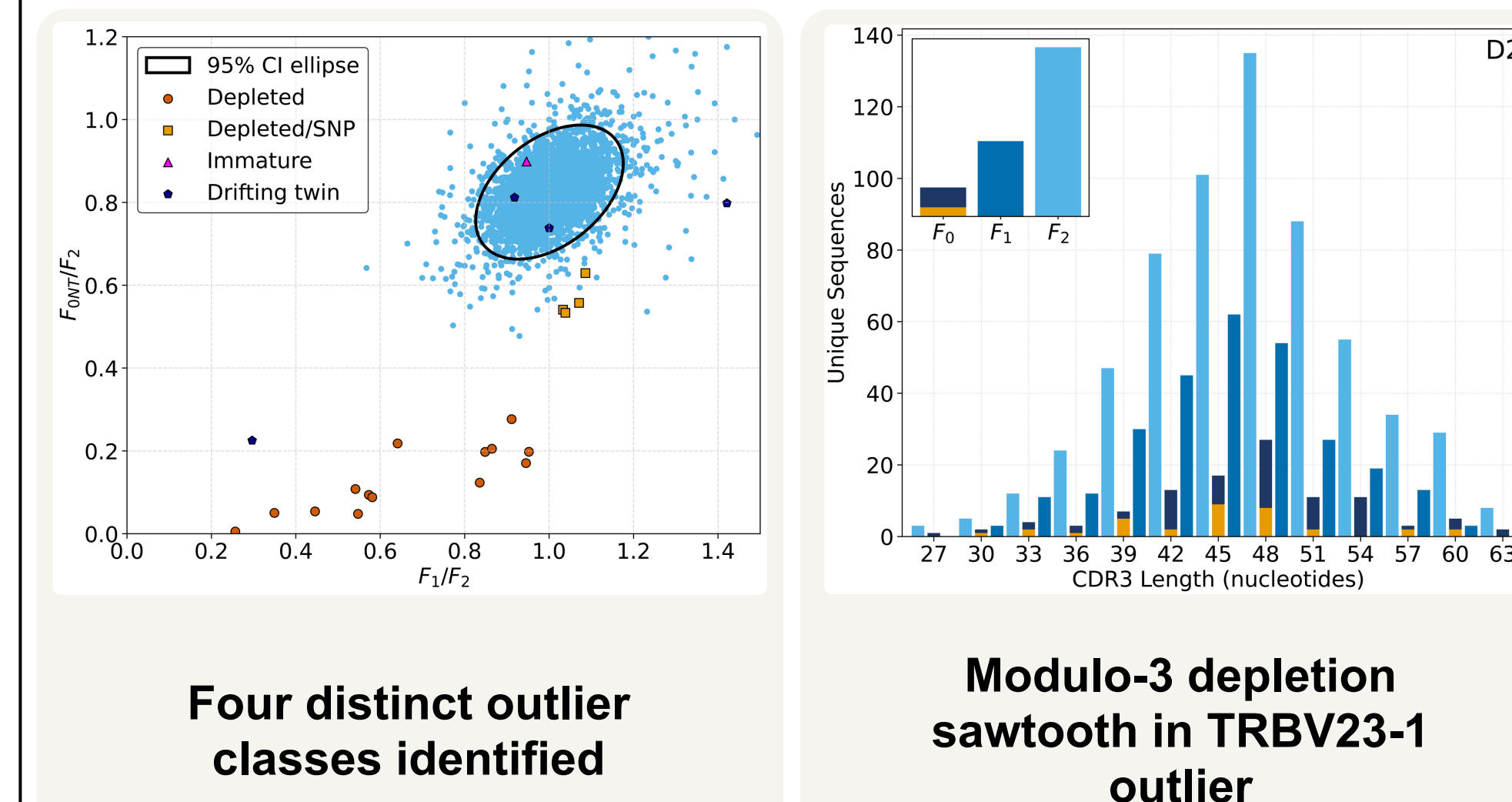
- RNA-seq analysis of frame-specific transcript abundance

Results

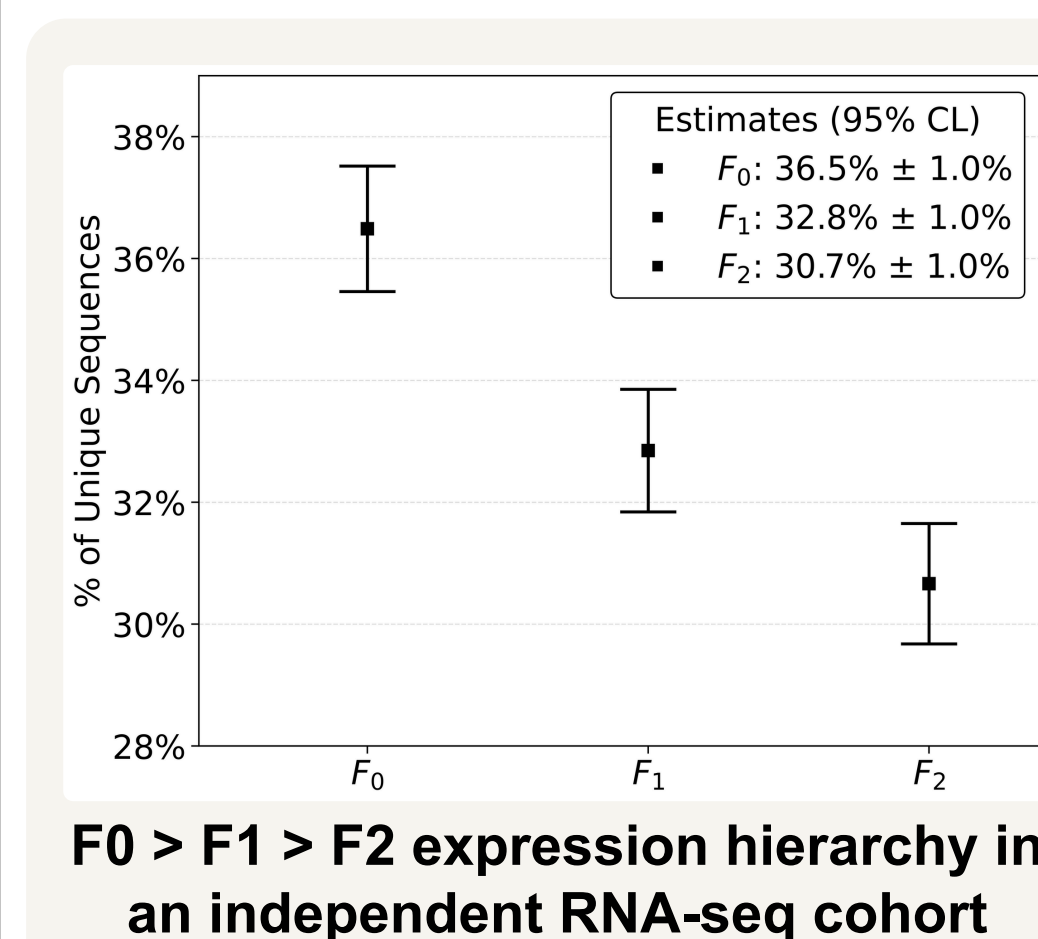
Frame usage distinguishes functional V genes from pseudogenes



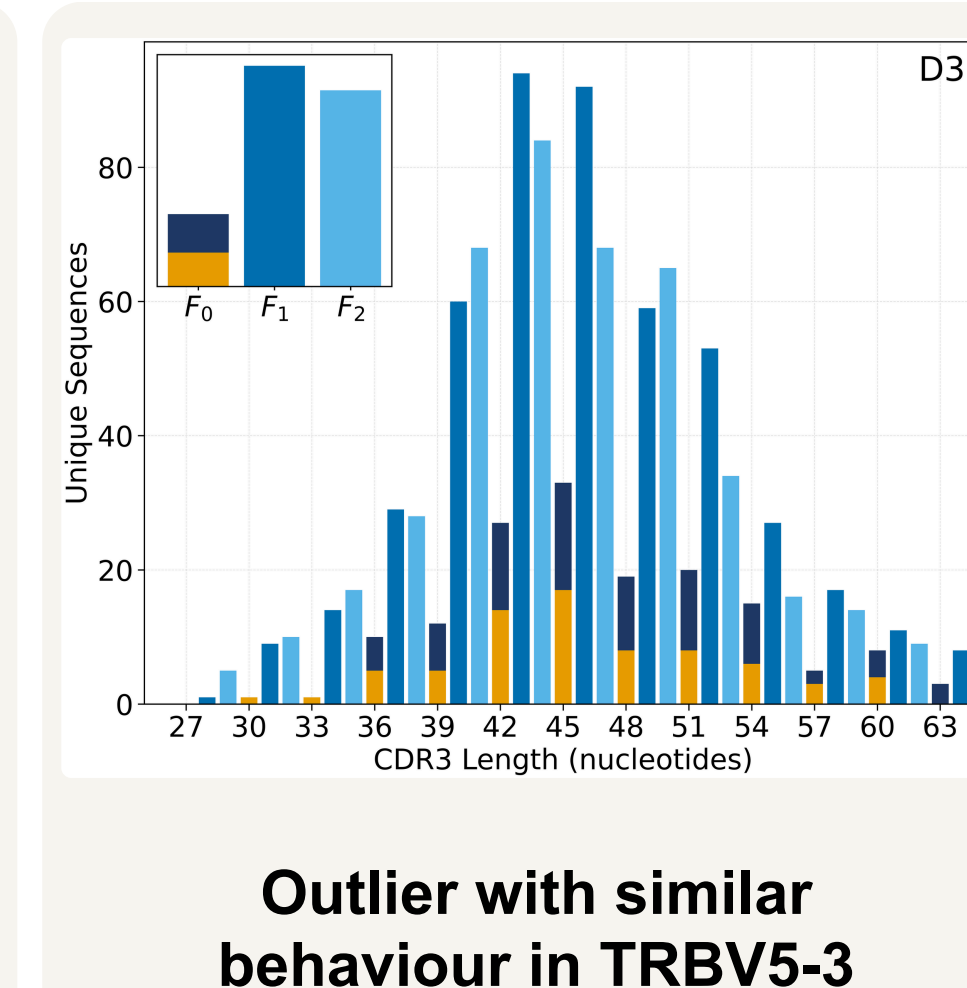
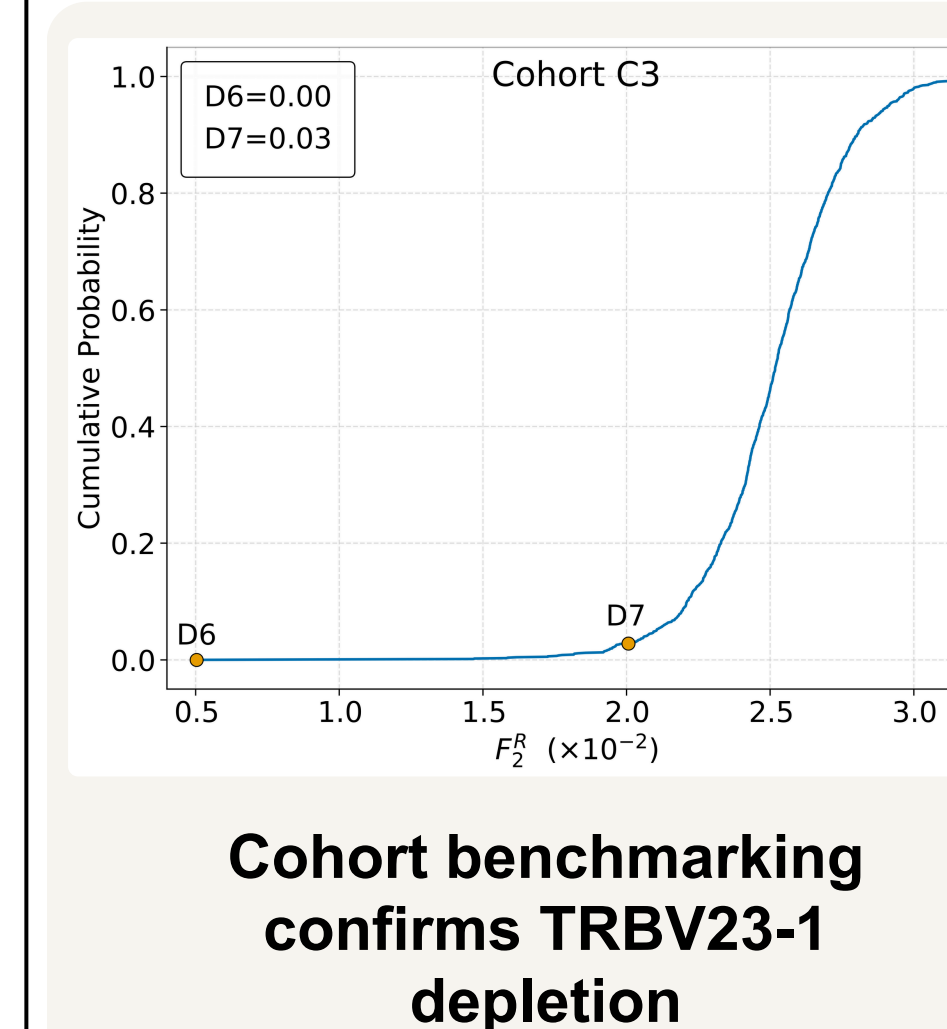
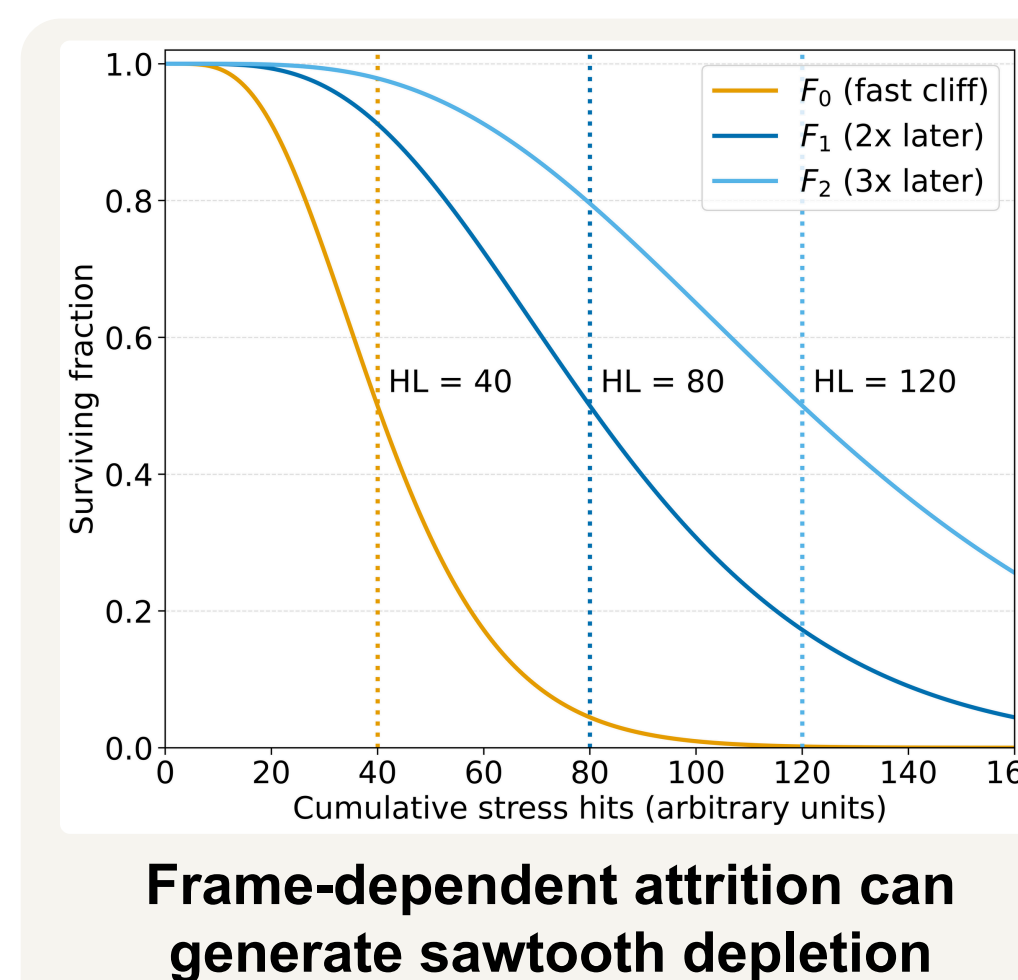
Rare pseudogene-specific frame-ordered CDR3 deviations



RNA-seq results



Cumulative damage model



Preprint & Website



Conclusions

- TRBV23-1 exhibits robust, frame-dependent depletion in human TCR repertoires
- Patterns are inconsistent with technical artifacts, recombination bias, or rare alleles
- DNA–RNA concordance implicates post-transcriptional or immune-mediated mechanisms
- Findings challenge the assumption that TCR pseudogenes are biologically inert
- Results motivate experimental testing of pseudogene-derived peptide presentation and immune regulation

Acknowledgments

- Publicly available immune repertoire datasets via immuneACCESS™
- RNA-seq data from Mikellov et al.
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- Tigg J, Bektashi-Brown A. Frame-specific depletion of the TRBV23-1 pseudogene in human TCR repertoires. bioRxiv, 2025